83½c No. 2 mixed. Oats closed at 67½c May, 48½dc No. 2 Northern. local market for spot cotton was y and unchanged. No. 2 red. Corn closed lower at 68146

WASHINGTON.

The case of Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine, accused of killing James Seymour Ayres in the Kenmore Hotel in Washington, probably will be given to the jury to-day. The closing arguments began yesterday. The Ways and Means Committee yester-day decided to report the Philippine tariff bill to the House to be voted on Wednes-

An important meeting of the House Judi-ciary Committee will be held to-day to consider pending measures for the suppres-sion of anarchy and anarchists and anti-trust legislation.

R. C. Kerens had a final conference with the President yesterday, and is confident that the fight "will be settled satis-factorily." The Akins forces still claim

At the executive session of the Senate yesterday. Senator Bacon made a forcible at-tack on the new Hay-Pauncefore treaty, de-claring it to be no better than the old one before it was amended. Senator Cullom de fended the pending treaty.

The first caucus of Democratic Senators since Congress convened was significant on account of the general attendance, all the Senators elected as Democrats except Senator McLaurin, being present, as well as the silver Republicans and Populists in the

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN. Judgments aggregating \$1.72 were ren-dered against the Transit Company in dam-

ge suits caused by transfers.

Daniel B. Kilpatrick of Texas visits Ben Kilpatrick, the alleged train robber, who is to be arraigned in the United States Court to-day.

Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson refuses to issue warrant for President Hawes of the Police Board. Mme. Schumann-Heink says St. Louis limate is delightful.

Plans for the ground-breaking celebra-tion on Decmber 20 at the World's Fair site assume definite shape.

Michael Walsh was killed and Fredrick Ebinger probably fatally hurt by cars of the Transit Company, by which they were

completed.

Tudge George A. Madill, president of the Union Trust Company, and director in many other enterprises, dies suddenly from heart failure.

GENERAL DOMESTIC. It is unofficially reported that chemists have found no trace of poison in the stomach of Charles Goodman, the alleged victor of Newell C. Rathbun, who sought to

thorsand a life insurance company by authorsang the report that he was dead.

C. Steinmann, a New York jewelry berchant, committed suicide in Chicago.

Mma. Lillian Nordica declares that the latted States Government owes her bestein 23,000,000 and 34,000,000 as heir to a little of Ichabod Norton. She has retained

usin of Miss Alice Roosevelt, eldest for of the President, has arrived from oe, Italy, to attend Miss Roosevelt's

The damaged the University of Wooster, 0.258,000. All the records were lost.

Testeral Function is expected to sail for the United States on December 16. Governor, Taft. will sail four days later.

The submarine boat Fulton, which accidentally sank off Long Island on Monday, her boar raised without material damage.

This tyrear-old Charile Capple holds to the londer of car that dragged him 300 feet and escapes serious injury.

The megraca, a man and a woman, were

Two negrees, a man and a woman, were arrested at Omaha on the charge of baving a their possession a lot of diamonds stolen rouse a traveling salesman for a New York awardy house in Portland, Ore. The negroes had pawned a valuable diamond

Phe-American Federation of Labor has pointed a committee to thoroughly digest the schemes for trades unions autonomy at have been and may be presented to

the convention now in session.

Detective James and Policeman Youngst were killed by Sidney Preacher, whom they sought to arrest at Houston, Tex., and Preacher in turn was killed by James at the lay dying. J. B. Brock, Preacher's levyer, was arrested on a charge of having given advice which led to the tragedy.

Alexander Horr, publisher of anarchis gyspapers, formerly of Texas, shot and subably fatally wounded Francis M. ably fatally wounded Francis M. gh, a newspaper editorial writer of New

Western rallroads fall to reach agree relative to fast time schedule between cago, and St. Paul.

caso, and St. Paul.
Articles of incorporation of the Grand
Trunk Western Railway have been filed in
California, which show consolidation and
make the Pacific Coast an object. Maple Leaf Omaha line to be constructe

taw will build into Guthrie from FOREIGN.

Hutin, president of the Panaman Company, has published in Paris the intents of a letter which he sent to Present Research to November 20, proposing a supposintment of a Committee of Arbitra held

Chings being promoters are slowly itying the game in the Windy City.
Oxford defeated Cambridge at Rugby

my McGovern and Dave Sullivan have sed to fight before the club offering the inference. Bob Fitnimmons will be

the referea.

Wheneve at Oakland: Afghan, Jarretierre

G'Or, Mativa, Watsroura, Plohn and Tisona,

Winners at New Orleans: Little Scott,

Frank M., Golden Link, Fleuron, Free Pass
and Little Elkin.

RAILROADS.

Tork from Hudson River to East d construct underground station.

Queenstown, Dec. II.—Arrived: Belgen-land from Philadelphia for Liverpool; Ma-jestic from New York for Liverpool. Southampion, Den. II.—Arrived: Phila-delphia from New York. Glasgow, Dec. II.—Arrived: Astoria from New York. London, Dec. II.—Arrived: Menomines from New York. New York, Dec. II.—Arrived: Southwark from Astonomy Georgic from Liverpool.

From Mew York.

New York, Dec. II.—Arrived: Southwark from Antwerp; Georgic from Liverpool. Salled: Cosania, Liverpool; St. Paul, Southempten; Friesland, Antwerp.

Sydney, New South Wales, Dec. II.—Arrived previously: Menn.

bythey, New South when, Dec. II.—Ar-tived previously: Moans, Vancouver via richano: Ventura, San Francisco via Hon-lulu and Auckland. Antworp, Dec. II.—Arrived: Haverford, lew York, via Southampton and London. alled Degember 19: Hercynia, San Fran-

Shields, Dec. 10.—Sailed: Kalsow, Ta-St. Michaels, Dec. H.—Passed: Hobersol-ern, Genoa, Naples and Gibraltar, for New

CARDWELL WITHDRAWS SUIT.

Albert M. Ott of Independence, Mo., before depositions in the libel suit were being taken, has been in St. Louis several days, and was placed in the hands of ing by James W. Walsh, brother of Attorney Frank Walsh. Neagle and Walsh called at the Excise Commissioner's office shortly before noon, but Mr. Selbert was not in, and they went in search of him. They found him, in company with Joseph Rice, a member of the State Railroad and Warehouse Commission, in a cafe opposite

the Planters Hotel. Neagle told Mr. Selbert he had an attachment for him, and Mr. Seibert said: 'Very well; I am in your custody constructively, and will meet you at any hour

"I will have to take you to Independence to-night," said the Constable.. "I won't go to Independence," said Sei-

ATTORNEY MARTIN L. CLARDY. "I shall be compelled to take you there," mid Neagle, "I don't want to cause you any trouble, but I must obey the instructions

Mr. Seibert suggested that he be allowed to consult his attorney, Martin L. Clardy. attorney for the Missouri Pacific, before giving his final decision, and Neagle consented. The party repaired to Mr. Clardy's office, in the Equitable building, and Mr. Selbert and Mr. Clardy had a private conference, lasting an hour.

Mr. Clardy advised Mr. Seibert not to pay

any attention to the writ, and immediately, prepared a petition for a writ of habeas orpus, which he intended presenting to one of the Judges of the St. Louis Court of Appeals. Mr. Seibert then left the building, accompanied by the Constable and Mr. Walsh. While Mr. Clardy was arranging to meet called to the telephone by some one, whose voice he did not recognize, who advised him to proceed no further with the habeas corpus case. He paid no attention to this advice, but hastened over to the Court of Appeals with the petition, A few moments after he reached there Attorney James W. Walsh arrived and handed him a telegram, which, he said, had been received by his brother, Frank, a few minutes before at the Planters Hotel. The telegram was from W. O. Cardwell, and read:
"Have settled and dismissed suit. Act ac-

cordingly."
HABEAS CORPUS SUIT

RENDERED UNNECESSARY.

Mr. Walsh informed Mr. Clardy that Mr. Seibert had been released from custody by Constable Neagle, and when Mr. Clardy was assured of this he refrained from presenting the petition for a writ of habeas

present recites, among other reasons why Mr. Belbert was wrongfully detained under the writ of attachment, "that said writ of attachment or warrant was illegally and the writ of attachment, "that maid writ or attachment or warrant was illegally and improperly issued, in this: That the cause in which it is proposed to take petitioner's deposition is pending in the Circuit Court of Jackson County, Missouri; that the said James M. Seibert is a resident of the city of St. Louis; that the said Albert M. Ott was, at the time the writ was issued and now is, a Notary Public within and for said County of Jackson, more than two hundred and fifty (35) miles distant from the said city of St. Louis, and that Independence, where it is proposed to compel petitioner to appear for the purpose of taking his deposition, is more than two hundred and fifty (35) miles from the city of St. Louis, the place of said J. M. Seibert's residence; that the said Albert M. Ott, Notary Public, has only jurisdiction to enforce the attendance of witnesses in the said County of Jackson, or in an adjoining county, within twenty miles of the place where it is proposed to take depositions, and, therefore, said Albert M. Ott, Notary Public, had no authority in law to issue said writ or warrant, and such writ or warrant is void."

DOUBT ABOUT REASON

DOUBT ABOUT REASON FOR SERVING ATTACHMENT.

Mr. Clardy, discussing the incident of the service of the writ of attachment on Mr. Seibert, said:

ATTORNEY WALSH OFFERS
MIS EXPLANATIONS.
Frank P. Walsh, attorney for W. O. Cardwell in the libel suit against The Republic, was seen by a reporter at the Union Station as he was about to take the train for Kansas City. Being asked about the dismissal of the libel suit, he said that when he left Kansas City, Tuesday, matters stood as they had from the beginning. He had come here to look after the attachment against J. M. Seibert. Yesterday he received a telegram from Mr. Cardwell saying that he had been offered in settlement of the case a sum as great as the amount which Mr. Walsh had advised him he would be likely to get in a verdict, and that he was inclined to settle.

Mr. Walsh stated that he wired back to hold things until he (Walsh) could return to Kansas City; that the attachment had been served on Mr. Seibert, and that he believed Mr. Seibert would be required to attend at Independence. Later he received another dispatch from Mr. Cardwell, saying:

"I have settled and dismissed suit. Act accordingly."

Thereupon Mr. Walsh absoluted the at-

"I have settled and dismissed suit. Act accordingly."

Thereupon Mr. Walsh abandoned the attachment proceedings.

Mr. Walsh stated that he had, as he remembered, advised Mr. Cardwell that he was likely to get \$10,000 in a verdict from the jury. He said he did not know what sum had been in fact received by Mr. Cardwell, nor did he know who had paid it. He said he had no information with respect to the dismissal of the suit, except the telegrams referred to, and that he had advised Mr. Cardwell that he should in no event dismiss the suit without a retraction from The Republic.

Sure That the Phelps Suggestion Did Not Come From Him. To the Editor of The Republic, St. Louis, Dec. II.—I have noticed that in the depositions being taken at Independence in the Cardwell-Republic libel sui reference has been made by the Honorable S. B. Cook, ex-Governor Stephens and Mr E. T. Orear to a contribution of \$2,000, made



Continued From Page One.

to the Democratic State Committee by Colonel W. H. Phelps in November, 1896. Because some of these gentlemen have connected my name with this transaction, and because the Republic has published their statements. I ask the privilege of saying whnt follows:

When Mr. Cook was examined he stated, in substance, that, after the election of that year (1859) was over, and when he came to settle up the accounts of the committee, of which he was then the chairman, he found that the committee was about \$2,000 short of funds necessary to close the accounts that in some way the matter was discussed with Colonel Phelps or in his hearing, and that he offered to contribute the amount needed by the committee to enable it to settle these unpaid obligations, incurred in the conduct of the campaign, and to that end gave his personal check for \$2,000. It appears from Mr. Cooks testimony, as published, that he entered this contribution in the public statement of campaign collections and expenditures, prepared by the committee under the law, as money collected by Cook, without giving the name of the contributor. When asked why Mr. Phelps's contribution was entered in that form—that is, without giving the name of the contributor—he replied that it was done upon the suggestion of Mr. E. T. Orear.

A day or two after this testimony of Mr. Cook was published ex-Governor Stephens stated in an interview printed in The Republic that he had in some way understood that I had suggested the form of this entry instead of Mr. Orear, and in his deposition, given at Independence on Saturday says, in substance, that his impression or remembrance is that I suggested that Colonel Phelps's contribution upon which he based his statement, although he did say he had never even heard of the Phelps contribution until more than two years after it was made.

Mr. E. T. Orear in his deposition given on Saturday says, in substance, that his impression or remembrance is that I suggested that Colonel Phelps's contribution whatever it was made, and, therefore, his

the further says, and nerfollowing suggested to Cook that I could seen to impropriety in its being credited to some one else, provided Phelps made no objected to constitution of the contribution of the cont service of the writ of attachment on Mr. Seibert, said:

"I don't clearly understand the end to be gained by serving the writ on Mr. Seibert at this time, unless it was for the purpose of humiliating him, or to convey the impression that the dismissal of the suit, announced twenty minutes after his arrest, was in some measure the outcome of his arrest. It appears improbable that Cardwell's legal representative was not cognisant of the fact that the plaintiff intended to dismiss the suit.

"Mr. Seibert has been acting under my advice since the notary threatened to issue the writ of attachment. I advised him not to go to Independence to give his deposition. The purpose of having notaries take depositions, as I understand it, is to accommodate witnesses living at a distance from the seat of inquiry or trial, not to compel them to travel great distances without apparent reason. I question the authority of the notary at Independence to give his deposition.

Frank P. Walsh, attorney for W. O. Cardwell in the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against The Republio, was seen by a reposition at the libel suit against the

sist the committee in closing its unsettled accounts.

Until then I was not aware that he had ever contributed a cent. I had nothing whatever to do with either collecting or disbursing the money. I know nothing about it and had nothing to do with it. There was some talk at the time about the contribution, the details of which I do not now recall, but I will say that the suggestion that the contribution should be accounted for in the way it was accounted for did not come from me. I made no such suggestion. Mr. Orear's recollection is at fault. I do not remember that I even heard the conversation between Messrs. Cook and Orear, which Orear says occurred, and if I did hear it I have entirely forgotten it. It is more than probable that I did not hear that conversation, for Mr. Orear is reported as stying that this talk with Mr. Cook was at the Southern Hotel, whereas the talk I heard was at the Planters.

Orear is reported as saying that this talk with Mr. Cook was at the Southern Hotel, whereas the talk I heard was at the Planters.

Mr. Orear says that Mr. Cook invited him to meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis, and that he did meet him in St. Louis meet him in the second as saying that Mr. Orear has designedly misstated the fact as to the matter in question. Nothing of that kind is meant. I mean merely to say that he is mistaken in his recollection of the fact.

To Create Disseasiem.

And now, Mr. Editor, all this I have said, not because I consider the matter under consideration of special importance, but while a few people, who claim to be Democrats, are striving, for what consideration I can only conjecture, to aid the Republicans in this State, it is well to keep the record as mearly straight as possible. This particular thing of which I have been writing, in and of itself, is of little consequence, but the motive behind those who are instigating and conducting this attack is of consequence. The contention has gone far enough now to enable the public to understand its animus, and I think it safe to say, if I can judge by the numerous expressions I daily hear, that it is generally believed, and for the best of reasons, that the Cardwell suit against The Republic has been selsed as an opportunity for attacking true and loyal Democrats, and especially those connected with the party organization, hoping thereby to create dissension, and thus aid the Republican party. The chief object of those who have been engaged in this most laudable (1) work is set forth in the last clause of the foregoing paragraph—it is to aid the Republican party in Missouri. For months the Globe-Democrat a understanding between these surposed Democrats and the Republican machine, has been for some time quite generally believed. That there is a scheme or conspiracy of the kind indicated I have no doubt.

The Cardwell incident was selsed upon as affording an opportunity to the pretended Democrats in the deal to do some work in furtherance of their employment. I do not know, nor do I mean to may, that Cardwell himself is conscious, or wholly conveil himself is conscious, or wholly con-

UMBRELLAS

For the Holidays.

This season, as heretofore, we are prepared with complete assortments of our own special makes of best grade goods to supply your holiday needs in this line.

These Umbrellas are made from the best materials by one of the largest manufacturers in the United States, and are exceptional values.

For Men. For Women. Union Taffetas Silk Umbrellas, steel rod, close roll, paragon frame, horn. \$2.00 pearl and natural wood handles.... \$2.00 Neptune. Minerva. All-Silk Serge or Taffetas Silk Umbrellas, steel rod, close roll, paragon frame, in black and all desirable Liberty. Empress. frame, in black and an occurrence colors; natural wood, pearl, ivory \$3.00 26 and 28 in. and horn handles..... All-Silk Serge Umbrellas, steel rod. close roll, paragon frame; black, blue, Federal. Mermaid. brown, green, wine; case and tassels 26 and 28 in. to match; pearl, ivory and natural wood handles

The "Albion" Umbrella. A Perfect Umbrella.

Acme.

Jupiter.

It is covered with All-Silk Levantine. and has the letters S., V. & B. woven in the border of the cover, and is guaranteed for one year; natural wood handles.

1,000 26-inch Union Taffetas Silk Umbrellas, with steel rod, close roll, paragon frame; burnt ivory, Cape Horn, pearl, buckhorn, Scotch furze and natural wood handles, with gold and silver mountings,

These Umbrellas would be good value at \$3.00 each.

NOTE, Initials or Menograms engraved free of charge on all Um-brelias purchased of us during the month of December.



mittee in 1898.

4. That Cook and Seibert distributed this money, collected in 1898, to aid in the election of Democratic candidates, particularly in the large cities and in close counties money, collected in 1858, to aid in tine election of Democratic candidates, particularly in the large cities and in close countles throughout the State.

That is the whole story so far as it concerns the State organization, or concerns Cook and Seibert as State Committeemen.

First, as to the Phelps contribution, made in 1896. There is nothing new in this, All that has been said in the depositions about this contribution was known and fully exploited on the stump, and in the Globe-Democrat and other papers years ago. The revival of this story is merely the digging up of an old chestnut. Mr. Phelps has stated more than once that this contribution was an individual contribution of his own, and that the railroad company with which he is associated had nothing whatever to do with it. If that be true, and he says it is, the contribution was not by a corporation, but by an individual. Whether this contribution should have been accepted, even when offered in the way and at the time it was, is a question about which men may differ, and as to that I do not now express an opinion, but certainly no one will contend that one who claims to be a party man should be denied the right to legitimately aid his party by contributions of money, or otherwise, simply and solely because he is in some way connected with a corporation. 'Whether it is proper to ask or receive assistance from any man depends on the circumstances which may affect his motives and his general relations to the party.

But, as I have said, this is an old stors, long ago exploited and exploded, and it is hardly worth while to do it all over again. Personally, Mr. Cook says, he had no intention or wish to suppress the fact that Mr. Phelps had made a contribution; and says that the contribution was entered in the public statement in the form it was, namely, as money collected by him, only because that form of entry was suggested

A FEW REASONS

Which Are Rapidly Making a New

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, the new Catarrh cure, has the following advantages over other catarrh remedles: First—These tablets contain no cocaine. are as safe and beneficial for children as for adults; this is an important point when it is recalled that many catarih remedies do contain these very objectionable ingredients.

Next—Being in tablet form, this remedy does not deteriorate with age, or an exposure to the air as liquid preparations invariably do.

Next—The tablet form not only preserves the medicinal properties, but it is so far more convenient to carry and to use at any time that it is only a question of time when the tablet will entirely supersede liquid medicines, as it has already done in the medical department of the United States Army.

medical department of the United States Army.

Next—No secret is made of the composition of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. They contain the active principes of Eucatyptus bark, red gum, blood root and Hydrastin, all harmless antiseptics, which, however, are death to catarrhal germs wherever found, because they eliminate them from the blood.

Next—You cannot cure catarrh by local applications to the nose and throat, because these are simply local symptoms, and such treatment cannot possibly reach the real seat of catarrhal disease, which is in the blood. For this reason, inhalers, douches, sprays and powders never really cure catarrh, but simply give temporary relief, which a dose of plain salt and water will do just as well.

Catarrh must be driven out of the system, out of the blood, by an internal remedy, because an internal remedy is the only kind which can be assimilated into the blood. Stuart's Catarrh Tablets do this better than the old form of treatment, because they contain every safe specific known to modern science in the antiseptic form of the disease.

modern science in the anticoperative the disease.

Next—The use of inhalers and spraying apparatuses, besides being ineffectual and disappointing, is expensive, while a complete treatment of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets can be had at any drug store in the United States and Canada for 50 cents.

to him and because Mr. Phelps assented to it. Whoever would blame Cook for what he did in this matter is certainly hard pressed for something to charge against him.

Secondly, as to the contribution of \$6.00 made by and through Judge Priest: Judge Priest was an honorable man and a Democrat, and a personal friend of Mr. Selbert. Why should he not give Selbert, and help Selbert raise, some money for his party committee, especially when told, what was true, that the Republicans were making an extraordinary effort, and were spending enormous sums of money, to carry the Legislature that a Republican might be elected to the Senate, and when he was told, what was also true, that the Democratic committee was practically without money to meet even its most ordinary expenses. Should not both be commended, rather than criticised, for doing what they did? In 1896 I gave the National Committee \$1.00, besices making a liberal contribution to the State Committee, but I have never supposed that what I did, either in contributions or personal work, was something to be ashamed of, but rather something to be proud of. There is certainly nothing in the mere fact that Judge Priest raised this money for the committee to subject either him or Mr. Seibert to the least condemnation. If some of these so-called Democrats who are bawling after these gentlemen now had done one-half as much as they to promote party success, instead of striving, as they now are to besmirch them for their work, they would have greater reason to be proud of their services.

contributed to the \$5,000 he raised, outside of himself, and he only as an attorney, ever was, or ever has been, interested in any way in any street railroad to his knowledge. That being true, the Globe-Democrat inference is not only far-fetched, but wholly unauthorized. And so this bugaboo falls with a dull thud.

Thirdly, as to the brewers' contribution of \$2,500, also made in 1888: It appears that during that same campaign a contribution

boo falls with a dull thud.

Thirdly, as to the brewers' contribution of \$2,500, also made in 1895: It appears that during that same campaign a contribution of \$5,000 was made on account of the Republican brewers of \$t. Louis to the Republican committee. Why should not at least half that sum have been contributed on account of the Democratic committee? Is there any reason why a Democrat should not aid his party because he is a brewer? Since when was that line of discrimination established? And, pray, what greater right has a Republican brewer to contribute to his party? Again, the plotters insinuate an inference that the \$2,500 contribution was made on condition that no adverse legislation should be enacted against the brewers. But this is only an inference, and one which would apply just as well to the \$5,000 the Republicans got as to the \$2,500 the Democratis received. But Mr. Cook says that no such contribution was ever even intimated to him by anybody, and the fact stands out that the very Legislature elected that year, whether wisely or unwisely, did pass what is known as the beer inspection bill. And so that bugaboo is disposed of.

Finally, it is objected that Setbert distributed this money for campaign purposes. Of course he did that. Why not? For what other purpose did he get the money? It was distributed throughout the State, as it should have been, to aid both the State and county tickets, and especially to prevent the election of a Republican Legislature, which, in turn, would have elected a Republican United States Senator. The failure to accomplish their purpose in this list-mentioned behalf, and the waste of lucre they suffered in trying to according to the true situation, as they will be, they will said again. The stalwart Democracy of old Missouri is to be reckoned with, and when they are once aroused to the true situation, as they will be, they will said again. The stalwart Democracy of old Republican machine and its alliles, all mixed together, into kingdom come. Neither Cook nor Seibert, nor

New York, Dec. 11.—The submarine torpedo-boat Fulton, which sank at

The boat went down almost at the pened while her commander, Captain Cable, was in New York. In order to By the time the stern was lowered

What Shall We Have for Descert?
This question arises in the family every day.
Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No balding!
Add hot water and set to cool. Physors: Lemon.

GIVE "SOROSIS" SHOES,

To Make Your Friends Comfortable and Happy.

8 3.50 Clarke & K & BUTER & for of San Standard Who love dive The 12 th D. \$ \$ 550 kg will de to the the

By means of this certificate you can present your relatives and friends with "Sorosis" Shoes, whether they live in St. Louis or not and without your having to find out what style, size or quality of Shoes they require.

This Certificate is valid for one pair of "Sorosis" Shoes or Slippers, of any style, weight or size, in any city of the United States where "Sorosis" Shoes are sold.

In giving "Sorosis" Shoes you may be sure you are giving your friend more real value for the money than in any other article made for women's wear.

Always and everywhere in the United States, \$3.50 per pair.

Scruggs Vandervoort & Barney

LIABILITIES MORE

Assets of Failed Omaha Loan and Trust Company Not Announced -Receiver Appointed.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 11.—On application of William Wallace, Judge Fawcett this aft-ernoon appointed William K. Potter receiver for the Omaha Loan and Trust Company and fixed his bond at \$100,000. The receiver qualified and took possession.

No official statement was filed, but Mr.

Wallace's attorneys state that the company has outstanding debenture bonds of \$550,000. It is guarantor for about \$4,500,000 of its loans, and it has a paid-up capital stock of \$500,000.

The assets are still somewhat indefinite. The better part of them are represented by \$1,100,000 of real estate, taken on foreclosure, which, is the book value of the property. About \$700,000 of this amount is covered by what are known as "straw mortgages," which are included in the list of guaranteed loans. These "straw" mortgages are used by large trust companies to avoid carrying a large amount of dead property that ties no more or the straw of the stra

book value to cover the debenture bonds.
and any actual liability which exists on
the guaranteed loans.
It is not believed by the directors that
the stockholders will realize anything out
of the capital stock. One of the directors
and to-day that the stock had been of-

fered within the past two months at from 1 to 5 cents on the dollar. The greater part of the \$4,500,000 of guarinteed loans are also protected by realty nortgages. The loans were made on Mismortgages. The loans were made on 212-souri and Nebraska farms, and on Omaha realty. The Missouri loans are said to be fair; those on Nebraska lands of high grade, and those on Omaha property worth

about par. about par.

Several years ago about \$550,000 of the mortgages were placed on Omaha suburban property, which has not proved all that was expected of it, and this load the trust company has been carrying. The failure to re-alize on them is given as the real cause for the present financial distress of the com-

THE ANTHONOMOUS

· REPUBLIC SPECIAL

GRANDIS MUST GO.

him. The Texas Representative has turned his attention to the anthono- mous grandis, and that pest is in dan ger. In this undertaking Mr. Burie- viding for an appropriation of \$30,000
 to aid him in his efforts. He proposes to publish periodically pamphlets
 to let people know how he is prothonomous grandis is referred to in

ADOPTED ITS CONSTITUTION

American Federation of Catholic Societies Fully Organized.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 11.—The American Federation of Catholic Societies to-day formally adopted its constitution. It provides for a working centralized power with affiliating societies. The basis of representa-

out interering with the autonomy of the affiliating societies. The basis of representation is two delegates from each local society, and the same ratio is maintained in parish, county, State and national organizations.

A comprehensive system of organization is provided for. A National Executive Council holds the main authority.

An initiation fee of 25 for each society and a per capita tax are expected to provide sufficient revenue. No State may have the presidency for more than two successive years. Political discussion and the indorsement of political candidates are prohibited.

In a declaration of sentiments, allegiance is declared to the Holy Mcther, the church, the Pope and also to the nation. The assassination of President McKhiley is condemned, and good wishes are expressed for President Roosevelt. A sound Catholic press, literature and education are indorsed and their support is urged.

The police were requested yesterday to search for Melvin Wilson. 19 years old, of No. 1815 North Nineteenth street, who has been missing since Tuesday. He left home to attend the Pranklin School at 8 o'clock that morning, but he falled to attend the school, and his parents are at a loss to explain his absence. They fear that some older boys have persuaded him to run away.

SAYS ME STOLE FOR FAMILY - The family of Harry Flingerald, who was arrested Saturday on a charge of stealing medical books from Doctor R. M. King, is in destitute circumstances at Rd. 169 Pino street. Fitsgurald, who is new in fall, declares that he stale in order to buy food for his wife and estitions.

More places advertised in to-day's Republic than in any other St. Lous news-

TELEGRAPH NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

NEW HAVEN, CONN.—The failure of the publishing firm of Butler & Algernon of this city is announced. Liabilities, \$51,390, assets, \$16,762. NEW TORK—The criminal proceedings against Attorney Robert A. Ammon growing out of his relations with William F. Miller of the 520 per cent Franklin syndicate were dismissed to-day by a local magistrate. Ammon was charged with having received \$190,000 of the syndicate money, but the complainant failed to appear.

MEDORA, ILLA—By the accidental d's-charge of a shotgun Bert Edington of Brighton yesterday received injuries which necessitated the amputation of his righ-foot at the ankle.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Reuben Pickett charged with the murder of his wife, whose charred body was found in the bathroom of their flat, was found guilty of man-slaughter in the first degree.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—The Supreme Court has decided that Joseph Rinkard who is 61 years old, must hang. Rinkard murdered his wife at Marion, in June. 1899 DALLAS TEX.—D. A. McFall of Austin who is active on anti-trust law prosecu-tions, reached Dalias last night. It is said that he is looking after the Steel Trust, but he declines to make a statement.

GALESBURG, ILIA.—The store of the Galesburg Shoe Company, of which Eime Johnson is proprietor, one of the largest it this city, was badly damaged by fire last evening, and the greater part of a \$16,600 stock destroyed.

QUINCY, ILL.—Nearly every township is the county was represented at a main meet, ing last night, and indorsed the proposed Quincy and Southeastern Electric Rathmay, which is seeking a franchise from Adams County for a right-of-way. It was apmounced that the road was to traverse Adams. Pike and Cathoun counties on the south, Schuyler and Brown on the east and Hancock on the north.

When in need of "Help" sivertise in The Republic. Twenty-one words or less in cents. All druggists.

cents. All druggists.

SPLAIN INQUEST TO-DAY — Coremon Funkhouser will conduct an inquest this morning on the body of Mrs. Lizzie Splain who died at the City Hospital Tuesday from the result of a beating mid to have been as ministered by her son. Thomas Splain, or Sunday. Splain denied that he assaulted her. His sister Lizzie, who is the wife of Frank Peytos, is held a prisoner at the Fourth District Station to testify at the inquest. She declares that her brother beam Mrs. Splain almost to insensibility. Peytos is serving a term in the Ponitentiary for burglary.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

BENEFIT OF BLIND GIRLS HOME—A benefit entertainment will be given for the Bilind Girls Home at Odeon Recital Hall or Wednesday, December II. An attractive pro-gramme of fun and music has been provided

AN OLD ADAGE

"A light purse is a heavy curse" Sickness unites a light purse.

teaths of all disease.